

What is Intelligent Energy Management in microgrid?

This paper develops intelligent energy management in Microgrid using forecasting-based multi-objective optimization using genetic algorithm framework. In this work, the energy storage system is included in Microgrid network, which is essential for effective energy management and smooth power transfer.

How to solve a multi-objective problem in a microgrid?

This multi-objective problem is solved by using the genetic algorithm (GA). Therefore, the main contributions of this paper are summarized as follows: The use of reactive loads to provide the required reserve as well as consideration of GHG emissions in optimal energy planning and management of the microgrid.

What are the deterministic algorithms used in microgrids?

Deterministic algorithms like linear programming, mixed-integer linear programming, and dynamic programming have been used in articles 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 for unit commitment and economic load dispatch (ELD) of microgrids with or without the energy storage system.

What are X and Y variables in smart microgrid energy management optimization?

$X(t)$ and $Y(t)$ are binary variables that indicate the state of charge or discharge of the battery in each period. The following section will present the genetic algorithm for the smart microgrid energy management optimization problem-solving method.

Can a multiobjective function optimize the operation of a microgrid?

Conclusions In this research, we optimized the operation of the microgrid using a multiobjective function that considers energy costs and GHG emissions. This multiobjective function is subject to a series of operational constraints, and a genetic algorithm was applied to find the optimal solution.

Can AI optimize a grid-connected AC microgrid?

However, optimizing microgrid operation faces challenges from the intermittent nature of renewable sources, dynamic energy demand, and varying grid electricity prices. This paper presents an AI-driven day-ahead optimal scheduling approach for a grid-connected AC microgrid with a solar panel and a battery energy storage system.

the feasible solution of the improved genetic algorithm is maintained at 50. The less feasible solution means that the probability of obtaining the lowest feasible solution is ...

The Non-Dominated Sorting Genetic Algorithm II (NSGA II) method is applied in order to obtain the optimum solution for operating cost and the pollutant treatment cost. Moreover, providing a ...

The results show that the improved genetic algorithm, which integrates the two new proposed concepts, can

handle problems with numerous constraints and is capable of obtaining a high ...

This work applies optimal power flow solution including constraints in micro-grid system. The OPF process utilizes multi-objective genetic algorithm optimization. The method is programmed in ...

2.2 Analysis of cooperative operation conditions of the microgrid. Due to the cooperation of multiple microgrids, certain conditions must be met: Each sub-microgrid ...

This study proposes an Optimal Power Flow Management (OPFM) strategy for a grid-connected hybrid Micro Grid (MG) comprising a wind turbine (WT), a photovoltaic (PV) field, a storage battery, and a Micro Gas ...

A multi-microgrid economic dispatching strategy based on adaptive mutation genetic algorithm is proposed for multi-microgrid systems with different load types and power ...

discover optimal solutions and tackle very intricate issues that may be unsolvable using conventional mathematical approaches. GAs excel at finding global optimal solutions and are ...

This research provides a detailed investigation into the use of genetic algorithm-based methods to construct and optimize hybrid renewable energy microgrids. The project aims to provide ...

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